



#### WHY THIS MADRID VOLUNTARY LOCAL REVIEW?

**Show** the work and commitment of Madrid on SDGs

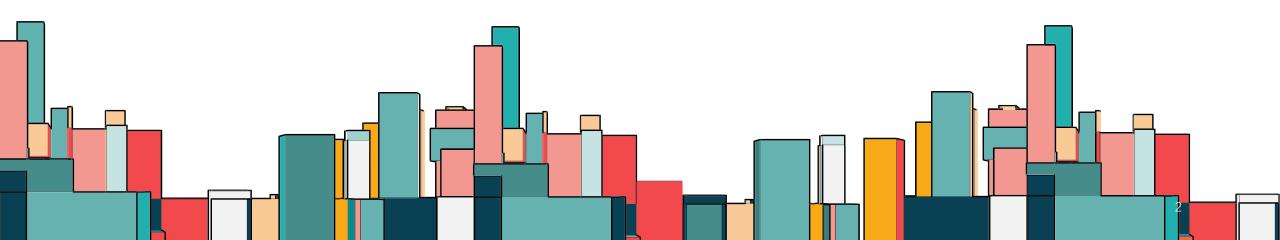
Measure situation and progress on SDGs in Madrid

**Innovate** on methods and indicators for VLRs

**Involve** stakeholders in the city and internationally

**Exchange** with other cities and government levels

Improve the design and implementation of public policies





### MADRID, COMMITTED TO THE GLOBAL AGENDAS

#### ALIGNMENT ON PLANNING AND STRATEGIES

#### **2030 AGENDA**

- © European Union 2030 Agenda
- S Action Plan for the Implementation of the 2030 Agenda in Spain
- Localisation Strategy for the SDGs of the 2030 Agenda in the City of Madrid

#### **NEW URBAN AGENDA**

- European Urban Agenda
- Spanish Urban Agenda
- Urban Agenda Madrid 2030

#### **PARIS CLIMATE AGREEMENT**

- European Green Deal
- Spanish Climate Change Adaptation Plan
- Madrid Roadmap towards Climate Neutrality





## FROM GLOBAL TO LOCAL COMMITMENT TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



#### LOCALISATION STRATEGY

Aligning city planning and development to the 2030 Agenda and the New Urban Agenda.



### FINANCIAL INVESTMENT

Public budget alignment and mobilization of publicprivate resources to support sustainable development.



### MEASURING IMPACT

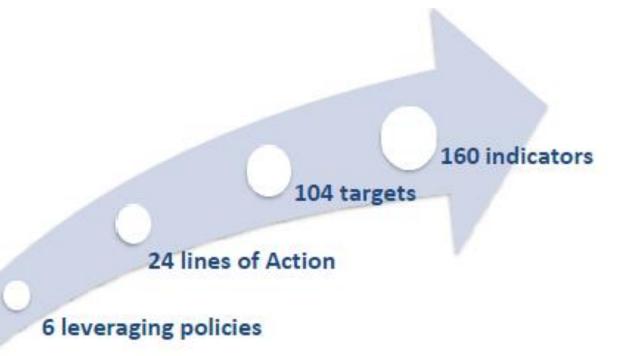
Evidence-based and application of global urban frameworks.

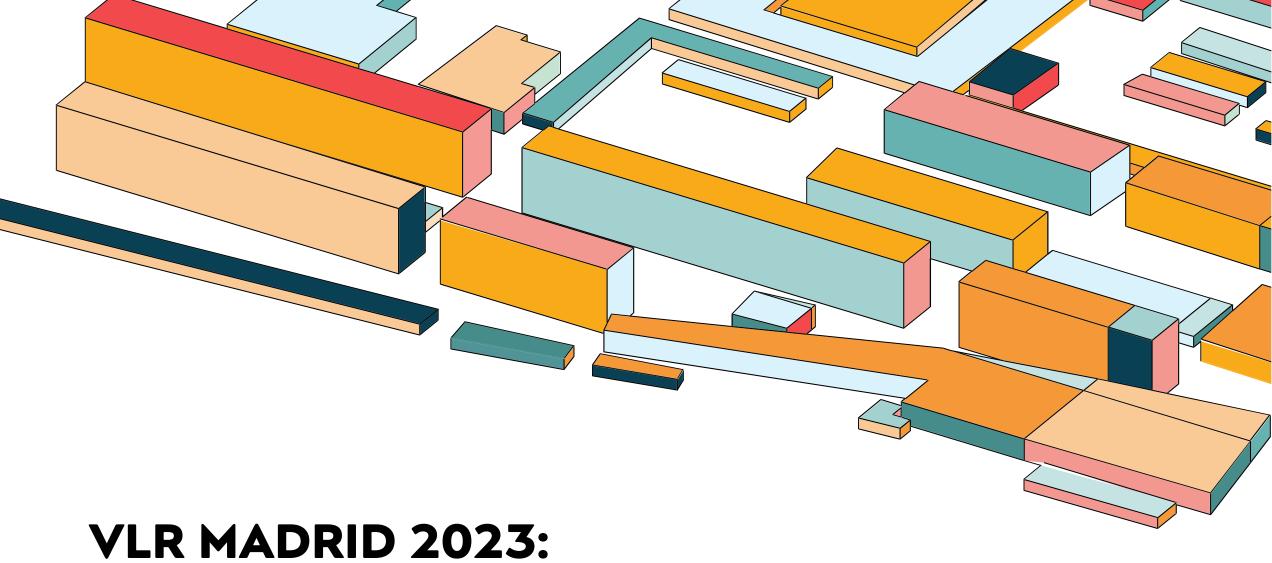


### MADRID SDG LOCALISATION STRATEGY

5 strategic axes of the GOP

- Approved in March 2021
- Participatory approach
- Coordinated with the city government plan
- 104 local targets
- 160 indicators
- Annual monitoring reports





### VLR MADRID 2023: MORE THAN A LOCAL MONITORING TOOL



## MADRID VLR: INNOVATIVE WORK IN MONITORING IMPACT

## GLOBAL URBAN MONITORING FRAMEWORK (GUMF)

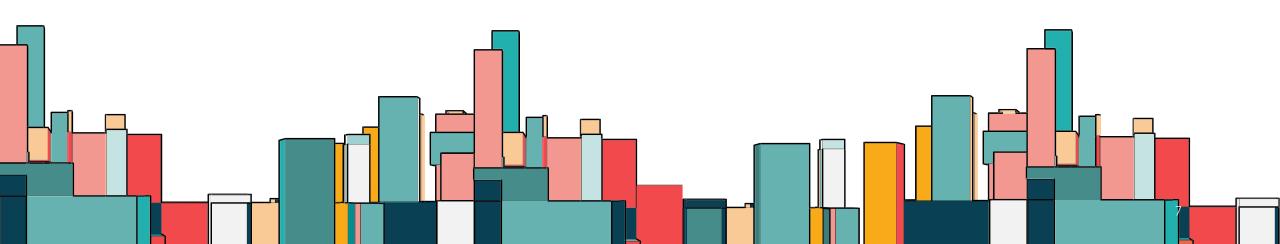
- Madrid has supported the development of the GUMF that allows the monitoring of the cities' progress globally.
- Madrid VLR is one of the first cities to apply the GUMF.

### URBAN FUNCTIONAL AREA DEFINITION

- Supports efforts of EU (with OECD & World Bank) for harmonised definition of cities.
- Better understand urban influence and processes.

### MEASURING IMPACT OF TWO FLAGSHIP INITIATIVES

- Madrid Nuevo Norte, a large urban regeneration project in the north of the city.
- Climate neutrality roadmap of Madrid.



### SELECTION OF INDICATORS: GLOBAL, EUROPEAN, NATIONAL, LOCAL



	Source	Organization
	Global Indicator Framework for the Sustainable Development Goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development	United Nations
	Global Urban Monitoring Framework	United Nations
JRC EUROPEAN COMMISSION	European Handbook for SDG Voluntary Local Reviews	European Commission - Joint Research Centre
ORE   RED ESPAÑOLA PARA EL DESARROLLO SOSTENIBLE	Report "SDGs in 100 Spanish cities"	Sustainable Development Solutions Network / REDS
MADRID	Localization strategy for the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda in the city of Madrid.	Madrid City Council
AGENDA URBANA	Spanish Urban Agenda	Ministry of Transport, Mobility and Urban Agenda of the Madrid City Council

### **RESULTS: SDG TARGET FACTSHEETS**



- One factsheet for each of the 59 targets:
  - description.
  - policy actions.
  - indicators (89 in total).
  - evolution charts.
  - overall impact assessment.
- Most indicators have a positive trend in Madrid from 2015 to date.
  - Impact of the pandemic is however noticeable on several indicators.

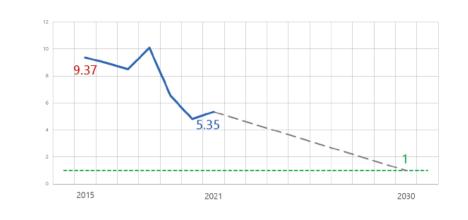


1 OUTPUT INDICATOR

Municipality

Domestic and care work ratio				
Disaggregation level	Unit of measure	Years	Update Frequency	
Municipality	Ratio	2021	Annual	

----- Goal



Projection



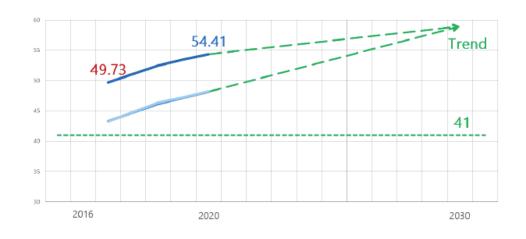
# MADRID MUNICIPALITY AND FUNCTIONAL URBAN AREA (FUA)

MADRIC

- FUA is composed of a city and its commuting zone.
- Based on EU-OECD methodology.
- FUA of Madrid in this VLR is composed of 166 municipalities.
  - 7 million inhabitants (compared to 3.3 in the municipality of Madrid).

1			
	JTPUT	INDIC	ATOR

Proportion of population aged 25-64 qualified with the highest level of education					
Disaggregation level	Unit of measure	Years	Update Frequency		
Triple Analysis	%	2020	Annual		

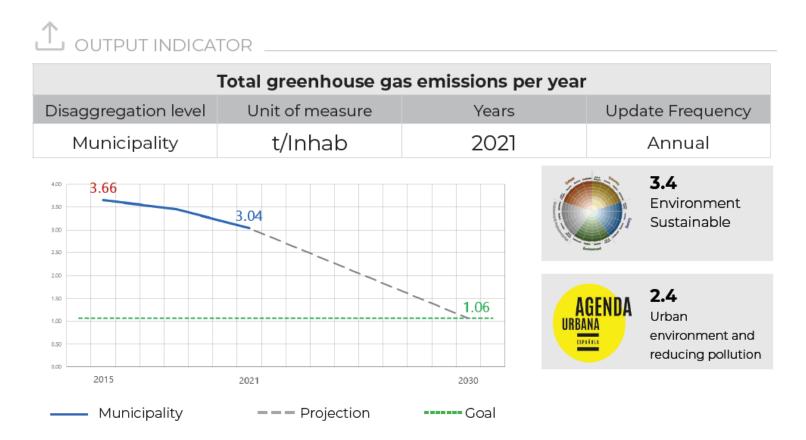






### **CLIMATE NEUTRALITY ROADMAP OF MADRID**

- Reduce GHG emissions in the city by 65% in 2030, compared to 1990, and achieve climate neutrality by 2050.
- GHG emissions have decreased by 23% compared to 1990 (by 40% compared to 2005).
- Multiple and crosscutting benefits of decarbonization:
  - Health
  - Quality of life
  - Job creation
  - Etc.





### **ZOOM-IN: MADRID NUEVO NORTE**

The territorial focus on Madrid Nuevo Norte, the largest urban regeneration project in Madrid, shows its clearly positive contributions to SDGs in the city.

Two initiatives stand out as having a high positive impact on SDG 11:

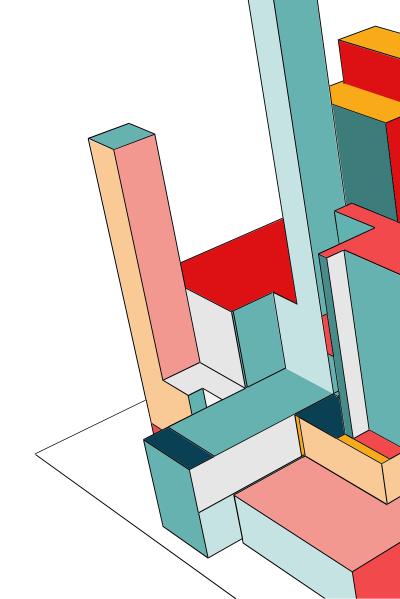
- Subsidized housing.
- Creation of wide green areas and renovated public spaces.



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### THE VOLUNTARY LOCAL REVIEW OF MADRID

- Very rich in content, information and insights.
- Shows positive progress towards SDGS in the city of Madrid.
- Useful to provide feedback and improve policies by highlighting areas that need further efforts.
- A key international example of VLRs with pioneering and innovative elements in methods and indicators.
- Part of a process and of the broader efforts by Madrid and local governments in general to advance and fulfil the SDGs and urban agendas.





## MADRID'S MULTIDIMENSIONAL LEADERSHIP ON LOCALISATION

ALIGN ITS PUBLIC POLICIES WITH SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT.

MOBILIZE A WIDE RANGE OF LOCAL STAKEHOLDERS TO IMPLEMENT PUBLIC POLICIES.

LEAD IN ADVANCING ON THE SDGs
MONITORING ON THE
INTERNATIONAL ARENA.

SUPPORT THE FORMATION OF MULTI-STAKEHOLDER INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIPS.

